SHOCKING OCCURRENCE.

Twenty-two Persons Injured by an Explosion.

MYSTERIOUS AFFAIR

The Wyoming Hotel, in Greenwich Street. the Scene of the Disaster.

Effect on the Surrounding Buildings.

HOUSES AND WINDOWS SHATTERED

NAMES OF THE INJURED.

INTERESTING DETAILS OF THE AFFAIR.

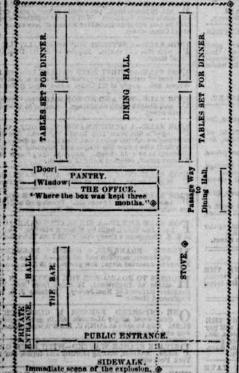
At about eleven o'clock yesterday morning a ter-Those who heard the noise at a distance supposed it to be a boiler explosion, while those in the immediate vicinity are still ignorant of the direct cause, as sub-

sequent revelations will show. A small box, containing some unknown fluid or other ince, was placed some two months since by a guest of the Wyoming Hotel, Greenwich street, in the office of that establishment for safe keeping. The box was a small one, two feet long by about ten inches wide, and lly fastened. This guest's name was Theodore who came to the hotel on the 31st of August last, leaving the box in the office, and taking the nder of his luggage, which consisted of two trunks and a value, to the room allotted for his use. Mr. Leers remained at the Wyoming Hotel until three weeks ago, when he went to reside in Twenty-fifth street. The expressman came for his luggage, but failed to take away

MOVEMENTS OF THE MYSTERIOUS BOX. During all this time the mysterious box remained in the office of the hotel. It was occasionally moved from side to side. Sometimes gentlemen blacked their boots upon it, while again and again it was used as a seat ther a risky one, as subsequent events have conclusively proved. Of course, as no person had any opportunity of ascertaining its explosive qualities, no care was exercised as to its movements, and the box was moved hither and thither through the office as circumstances

smoke was discovered coming from the box, and soon after flames made their appearance. Mr. J. C. Mersereau, brother of a former proprietor of the hotel and a guest of the house, called the barkeeper's (John Grogan's) attention to the fact, and both proceeded to remove the box from the office to the sidewalk. Mr. Mersereau helped to carry it to the centre of the barroom, and Mr. Grogan red it the remainder of the distance to the sidewalk where he left it. Fortunately, the young man at once walked back into the hotel and went behind the bar, else he would have been hurled into eternity without a moment's warning. About thirty seconds after the box had been placed on the sidewalk it exploded with a territo The concussion was felt in all the lower part of the city on the west side. The explosion was heard in Versey City and Brooklyn, and was supposed by those at e to be the firing of a heavy piece of ordnance.

DIAGRAM OF THE IMMEDIATE SCENE OF THE EX-PLOSION—ALSO A PLAN OF THE GROUND FLOOR PLOSION-ALSO A PLAN OF THE WYOMING HOTEL.



The "square" in "the office" indicates the spo coupled by "the machine" when it first ignited. The

STATEMENT OF THEODORE LERRS. botal, immediately despatched an officer in search of him, who, it was stated, at present lived in Twenty-fifth street, near Eighth avenue. The officer was successful in his search, and Leers was brought in the afternoon to the Fifth ward station house, where he was submitted to R. Cos: examination by Capiain Petty. The following facts were clicited:—Leers left Hamburg for this country on board the ship Donau on the 21st of June last. He on board the ship Donau on the 21st of June last. He reached here about the 29th of August, and put up at the Wyoming Hotel on the 31st. While in Hamburg an gent of the house of Wilhelm Ree, of that city, stated to him that he could make some money in the United States by the sale of chemical oils, and asked him to bring some specimens over with nim. Leers accoded, and the box which caused such disas-trous results yesterday was sent on board the Bonan by an employe of the house of Wilhelm Rec. This box Lecra asserts emphatically he has never opened, and knew noth ing of the contents further than the state monts made in Hamburg that it contained chemical oils. Fire reason he gives for not taking the box from the hotel when he left is that he forgot K. He dischnins all further knewledge in regard thereto.

Locrs is at present a pedler in shirts, which he pur-chases from A. Wormser, No. 39 Warren street, and lives next door to the Euraw House, in Twenty-fifth street.

STATEMENT OF THE PROPRIETOR OF THE WYOMING

Mr. William B. Stoddard, the proprietor of the hotel, was in bed at the time of the explosion, but immediately got up, and, having partially attired himself, gan down saints to the barroom. He gives the facts relative to the movements of Leers in his hotel exactly as described by that gentleman.

that gentleman.

STATEMENT OF JOHN GROGAN.

John Grogan, who carried the box to the sidewalk, was also examined by Captain Peity. He saw smoke and flames, together with a fluid matter, like water, issuing from the box, when he thought it prudent to carry the inflammable material into the open air, so, as to preserve the hotel from fire. The box, in his opinion, wighed about twenty pounds. He laid it down in the gatter and turned into the hotel, and had just walked behind the bar when the explosion took place. He was alightly wounded in the head from pieces of glass.

It was very providential that the box was removed from the hotel in this manner, or the consequences would have been much more serious. There were some dozen persons in the barroom at the time, and there is little doubt that their lives would have been sacrificed.

Mr. Wm. R. Colton, who was boarding at the Wyoming Rotel, and present at the time of the accident, makes the following statement of the accident, makes the following statement of the occurrence—Some time ago for Leers came to the hotel, bringing a large quantity of baggage with him, and left shortly after, taking all except a box resembling a canalle box, which was left under his counter of the cierk's office. While there boots used to be blacked on it, and no notice scarcely was taken of the treatment of the cierk's office. While there boots used to be blacked on it, and no notice scarcely was taken of the treatment of the stock, Mr. foun Mcrearcau, porter of the gold room of the Stock Exchange, was blacking his boots, when he smelt an unlessmant oder proceeding from the box and so producted

to those near him at once. Mr. Colton examined the box and said he thought it contained muriatic acid, and that it should be removed. Mr. Mersereau continued his work for some moments and then reported smoke proceeding from the box, which was then carried out of the office and laid in front of the door of the house, on the curbstone. The smoke increased, and the whole box was acon in flames. Mr. Colton suspected the box was a torpedo, and that an explosion would take place. He therefore returned from the side-walk into the house, shutting the door for the purpose of going up stairs to alarm his wife of the danger. No sooner had the door been closed than the explosion occurred, driving it in, knocking him down and severely injuring a Mr. Stewart, who was standing near him.

THE INJURED.

THE INJURED.

The following are the names of those who received injuries upon the occasion. None of them have been pronounced of a serious character, with the exception of Cornelius Stevens.—

Franklin J. May, Wyoming Hotel.

J. C. Abeimg, Wyoming Hotel.

J. C. Abeimg, Wyoming Hotel.

Joseph Nugent, Wyoming Hotel.

Joseph King, Wyoming Hotel.

John Grozan, Wyoming Hotel.

John Grozan, Wyoming Hotel.

Cornelius Stevens, a milkman, residing at 32 Vandam street, was passing at the time and received a severe fracture of the skull. He was in a very dangerous condition up to a late hour last evening.

Ernest Scamer, 52 Macdougal street.

Gustav Karkrow, barber, in shop under hotel.

John O'Brien, 328 Greenwich street.

Charles Stewart, Wyoming Hotel.

William H. Emmons, Wyoming Hotel.

William H. Emmons, Wyoming Hotel.

Richard Husles and Herman Husles, 328 Greenwich street.

Lewis Sussmann, barber.

treet.

Lewis Sussmann, barber.

John Wyman, Wyoming Hotel.

Mrs. Blaraid, wife of officer Blaraid, house opposite.

J. C. Merserau, Wyoming Hotel.

Mrs. William R. Colton, Wyoming Hotel.

Johannah Renne, Wyoming Hotel.

These parties were brought to the Flifth ward station touse, where they were attended by Police Surgeons Cennedy, Sutton and Gibson and Dr. Pettijean.

These parties were brought to the Fifth ward station house, where they were attended by Police Surgeons Kennedy, Sutton and Gibson and Dr. Pettigean.

THE EFFECT OF THE EXPLOSION.

The scene presented immediately thereafter, both in the hotel and out of it and on Greenwich street, near Jay street, was one of a most extraordinary character. The hotel, but a few minutes before reposing, as it were, under the calm indicances which are ever known to a Sabbath day, and the street given to that regularity which it only enjoys at the commencement of every week, was, as if by magic, changed into a picture of ruin. On the spot where the box had been deposited was a deep hole. The curbstone was torn away and a piece of it throw mearly across the street. Some of the flagging on the sidewalk and some of the Belgian pavement nearest the gutter was also torn up and cast about in a loose, irregular manner. A barber's pole, but a few feet from where the box lay, was shivered as completely as though it had experienced the effects of a heavy stroke of lightning. On the sidewalks, on both sides of the street, were the remains of broken panes of glass, and directly in front of the hotel were fragments of shutters, doors, sabes and pieces of wood and stone, that had falien from above from different parts of the building. Nearly opposite the hotel, the building occupied by Messrs. Fink & Sageman, Jr., produce commission merchants, presented a sorry sight. Every pane of glass in the front part of the building was shattered to pieces, while in some instances portions of the sashes were broken in also. The windows in the house of John Taylor & Sons, corner of Jay and Greenwich streets, sustained some injury, as also did the windows in nearly all the houses ituated right and left of the Wyoming Hotel, on both sides of the street for from one to two blocks each way. THE POLICE AND THE PEOPLE ON The QUI VIVE.

In an incredibly short apace of time after the explosion took place the police and several hundred clitzens hastened to the scene

THE SIGHT PRESENTED INSIDE OF THE HOTEL AFTER THE REPLOSION.

On the ground floor all the doors of the public entrance were torn from their hinges. The window sales were completely destroyed and the glass scattered in every conceivable direction. Many of the glasses upon and behind the bar were broken, as also were not a few of the bottles containing liquors of various kinds. In the office of the hotel bundles, books and many heavy articles belonging to the guests and the proprieter were lifted up and set down again in barely extricable confusion.

were lifted up and set down again in barely extricable confusion.

At the time when the explosion took place there was one girl in the pantry; but, aside from the effects of the shock, she sustained no material injury.

In the duning hall the table was set for dinner. Chairs were overturned, some of the ceiling broken, and the floor literally strewn with glass.

On the floor above the office and bar is situated the parfors. There the glass in all the windows was broken to pieces and driven in all over the carpets. The shades were torn from the rollers and cut and deposited on the tables and elsewhere. The furniture, ornaments, and in fact every article in the parfors sustained more or less injury.

fact every article in the parlors sustained more or less injury.

In one of the rooms on the third floor a lady and her three children were dressing at the time the accident occurred; but aside from being well shocked and slightly cut with glass they did not experience material injury. On the fourth, fifth and sixth floors the damage to the windows is "radical." In the highest rooms the windows is "radical." In the highest rooms the windows are more seriously injured than in the lower ones. The proprietor of the hotel, Mr. Stoddard, was sleeping in the house at the time when the explosion took place. He does not admit to having experienced any feeling other than that of a severe shock, and of course of a "severe" surprise also.

In the basement of the hotel the cooks were hard at work preparing dinner. They were all badly scared, and some of them very slightly injured.

A woman who was washing in the cellar said:—"The first I knew, an awful something came along; the gase

A woman who was washing in the cellar said:—"The first I knew, an awful something came along; the gas was extinguished and the doors thrown off their hinges. One door was tora down and banged up against the wall in another room, having passed through a doorway. I never felt so funny in all my life. I thought the city was blown up."

There is an insurance of \$4,000 on the furniture in the hotel. The building is also insured.

hotel. The building is also insored.

DINNER UNDER DIFFICELTIES.

In afty minutes after the explosion took place the injured parties had been conveyed from the building and the servants set to work to sweep the rubbish out. By two o'clock the furniture in the dining room was rearranged, the table reset, and the guests then "on hand" served with dinner. The "attendance" was large and made up of both sexes, some of whom bore marks of slight cuts on the neck and face.

During the afternoon, and even uptil nightfall, crowds of people visited the scene of the explosion. Many of them inspered for boars in the neighborhood and went away without possessing a definite idea of the cause of the trouble. In the earlier part of the day the general impression seemed to prevail that a boiler, smular to the ones used in our largest hotels, had bursied; but by night exaggerated reports of all-kinds were put in circulation and partially credited. The true facts of the case are precisely as given above.

TREMENDOUS EXPLOSION AT SEA.

Explosion of Cape Hatterns-All the Passengers Supposed to Have Been

The steamship Weybosset, from New York, reports:— On the 27th of October, at eight o'clock A. M., Cape Hatters bearing north-northwest, afteen miles distant, saw a vessel on fire, with another vessel, apparently a bark, lying alongside of her. The bark left her about fifteen or twenty minutes after we first saw her. As soon as she was discovered to be on fire we ran down to up, and nothing was afterwards seen but a few spars,

The mate of the Weybosset thinks she was a small size river steamer, and no doubt used as a transport; and that she had a large quantity of powder on board, as the explosion was evidently caused by that material. She was painted white. He has no doubt the persons on board were taken off before she blew up, by the vessel seen alongside of her A large piece of one of the masts was blown into the

News from Fortress Monroe.

FORTRES MONROE, Nov. 5, 1865. The steamship Costa Rica, with the North Star's freight and passengers, sailed to day for the Dry Tortugas and New Orieans. The North Star left to-day for New

City Point, to take the Twenty fourth Massachusetts regi-

Surrogate's Compt—November Term.
CALENDAR OF CONTESTED ISSUES OF FACT.

Before Gideon J. Tucker, Surrogate.

1, will of Ann M. Forman, issue June 13, 1866; 2, administrators of the goods, chattels, &c., of Patrick Dounery; 3, will of Frederick L. Hewett, issue June 8, 1865; 4, will of Sarah Dixon, issue July 11, 1805; 5, will of Edward Fox, issue July 7, 1865; 6, will of William Garcer, issue July 27, 1865; 7, will of Robert Diedrichs, issue July 28, 1865; 8, letters testatory of estate of Mary Kenworthy, issue July 27, 1865; 9, will of James Fulton, issue May 18, 1865; 10, will of John Kase, issue August 5, 1865; 11, will of George Sastman, issue September 8, 1865; 12, will of Annie S. Newton, issue February 10, 1864; 13, administrators of goods, &c., of Bridget Davis, otherwise Adella Ress, issue June 30, 1865; 14, will of Abraham R. Westervelt, issue September 29, 1865; 15, will of Antoinette Wagner, issue October 13, 1865; 16, will of Garret J. Houver, issue October 39, 1865.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5, 1865. THE RESTORED POSTAL SERVICE IN THE SOUTHERN

The following exhibit of the newly restored postal service in the Southern States has just been made up in the General Post Office Department and is a part of the data to be used by Secretary Dennison in making up his an-nual report. The whole number of routes restored is 241, which includes 18,553 miles of service. The cost to the government by the late contracts is \$895,796 less than by the contracts in existence at the outbreak of the rebellion for the same amount of service:-

12, 606 44, 843 12, 606 44, 843 81, 904 81, 904 81, 904 81, 904 81, 904 81, 904 97, 777 74, 255 92, 250 15, 958 84, 973 54, 791 133, 582 84, 973 35, 998 30, 375 74, 958 89, 597 77, 997 52, 752 49, 317 CALES CUSHING'S MISSION TO EUROPE.

Hon. Caleb Cushing's contemplated trip to Europe has been postponed until spring. He will then go professionally for the United States Treasury Department, in rela-tion to large quantities of libelled Confederate States cotton, unless the English government should sooner

THE TUNISIANS AT THE METROPOLITAN CLUB. The Tunisians dined at the Metropolitan Club rooms yesterday by invitation, with a few other guests. Mr. Perry telegraphed last evening that he would be here towards the last of this week, when they will all probably depart.

Captain A. Ainsworth, captain of the post at Fortress scnroe, has been ordered by the Quartermaster General's Department to report at New Orleans to Brigadier General George S. Dodge, Inspecting Quartermaster.

NOT A CANDIDATE. A gentleman in the confidence of Mr. George Harding assures us that if the latter's name was presented to suc-ceed his brother to office it was unauthorized and with-

WASHINGTON SPORTS MAKING UP THEIR BOOKS. Several of the sporting gentry of this city visited New York during last week to make up their bets on the prize fight to come off on the 21st inst, between Elliot and Davis at some point adjacent to that city. Which of the

THE SERVICES YESTERDAY.

Sermon by the Rev. Morgan L. Dix on the Union of the Episcopal Church North and South-Festival of St. Charles Borromeo at the Sydney Place Catholic Church, Brooklyn, and the Address of Archbishop McCloskey on the Occasion-Laying the Corner Stone of a Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum in Brooklyn, with the Remarks of Bishop Laughlin Thereon.

Sermon by Rev. Morgan L. Dix. UNION OF THE EPISCOPAL CHURCH NORTH AND SOUTH.

A sermon was preached by Rev. Morgan L. Dix yes terday, in Trinity chapel, in which reference was made to the work of the recent Episcopal Convention of the United States at Philadelphia. The preacher's text was the sixth verse of the forty-fifth Psalm: "God is in the midst of her, therefore she shall not be moved." He said the Triennial Council of the Episcopal Church has closed its session, and that it is a subject of congratulation that the Church has passed through the crisis of the tion that the church has passed through the crisis of the last four years caused by the rebellion without having one of its great principles destroyed or impaired, but that they come out of the struggle purified and invigorated. The Council met in tears and with apprehension. The storm of war which had so long separated the branch of the Church South from that North was over, but the waves still rolled high, and before they would subside no one could tell what damage might still be done. The preacher then reviewed the many and unusual difficulties which lay before the Convention. A Southern bishop was present when the Council first met, and took his seat away down among the congregation instead of coming up among the Council first met, and took his seat away down among the congregation instead of coming up among the Council as usual. The question arose what was to be done when he was known. It was soon resolved to send a dignified request from among his brethren that he should come and take his place among them; and when he came not a dry eye was to be seen in that reverend and plous assembly. Thus was one difficulty settled. Before the Council adjourned several Southern dioceses had their delegates there. A question next arose about the consecration of the Bishop of Tennessee. He had a very robellious record, was a priest and was present from Nashville as the choice of the Church in Tennessee for consecration. He was finally consecrated with coremonies which were purposely rendered more than ordinarily imposing. Next came the question of the consecration of the Bishop of Alabama. He was consecrated by the Church South two years are by men who were prominent supporters of the rebellion. The question was, should he be received without some acknowledgment of his errors, some expression of loyalty to the government. And the Council answered. "Bender to Cowast the things that are Cleaser's, and to God last four years caused by the rebellion without having loyalty to the government?. And the Council answered, "Render to Cassar the things that are Cesar's, and to God the things that are God's," and only required him to produce indisputable evidence of his ordination in the South to obtain the recognition of the Council. The Episcopal Church has never been divided. No one can charge it with schism. In the Council there was perfect harmony. There were delegates present from Canada and foreign countries, and many important questions regarding missionary labors, the ordination of the priests, the education of the young, and other matters, came up and were there decided with unity and unanimity. He contrasted this Convention with those of sectarian bodies, drawing an unfavorable picture for the latter, and wound up with a peroration on the great mission of the Episcopal Church and the Christian's duty.

The Festival of St. Charles Borromeo

A concert was ; given last evening in the St. Charles church, Sydney place, Brooklyn, in honor of the festival of St. Charles Borromeo. The building was densely crowded by an audience that had been attracted by an ane executed, and that Archbishop McCloskey would de-

formance of the Vespers, executed by the choir, under the leadership of William Drossler, organist and conduc-This was followed by Costa's Laudate Don and by Verdi's Tate Confessor, subsequent to which morceau Archbishop McCloskey delivered an eloquent dis-

He said he was glad that it was his privilege to address them on such an auspicious occasion as the festival of their patron saint. He would speak but few words as to the virtues and greatness of St. Charles Berromeo, as traits of whose character had been often reheared to his hearers, although some instances in his life could not be too often repeated for their instruction and spiritual welfare. Wonderful was the great world of saints—saints who were examples of the beauty of God, who were adorned with all His great and holy virtues, and whom His own right hand crowned with glory and appointed to excupy the high places near to His throne of grace. Therefore should the truly pions praise the saints to God, exalt the virtues, admire their perfection as they would exalt their virtues, admire their perfection of Him whose glory was on them rejected. Whatever words of praise, of honor, of veneration, of love his hearers addressed on the saints, would ultimately redound to the praise of him who loved to be worshipped in the praise of him who loved to be worshipped in the praise of Him who loved to be worshipped in the praise of him all countries had raised up children to call her blessed. These children had been taken from every rank and every station in life, from among the poor and the rich, the learned and the innortant, from among the lower classes especially; for God has ever been pleased to make the poor in worldly goods rich in faith. But there were exceptions to this rule, and of these was St. Charles Borromeo, whose festival they were assembled to celebrate. Charles Borromeo came into the world in the middle of the sixteenth century, of illustrious parents and law-abiding ancestors, celebrated for their picty and faith. He was born in a castle near Ancona, a town a few miles distant from Milan. It was related of his father, Count Borromeo, that he was accustomed to commune weekly, to recite daily on his knees the offices of the furch, and to retire each day to his apartiment and clothe himself in sackeloth, He said he was glad that it was his privilege to ad-

logical studies. At their close his uncle, Cardinal de decis, was called to the Postfical throne. He sent his nephew, who joined him in Bome, where Charles raised to the degree of Archbishop of Milas and mad Cardinal of the Church. This occurred in the days wimmorality and scandalous conduct were prevaithroughout Italy. The Archbishop yearned to see pi restored to the people. His first act was to call toget the Council of Trent; and, thanks te his efforts and to co-operation of Pope Pius, this body was once more evened. He subsequently sought and obtained permiss to set out upon the great task which he had determit to perform. He returned to Milan and commenced labors of an apostle, striving to purify the Church to set out upon the great task which he had determined to perform. He returned to Milan and commenced the labors of an apostle, striving to purify the Church of God from the stains cast upon her by disobedient and reckless children. He began by reforming his house-keeplag; and his own household, numbering some three hundred persons, were ordered to assemble in prayor morning and evening, and summoned to confession and commention weekly. He soon attacked the licentiousness and vices of the nobility, and, with the asistance of God, undaunted, fought on till he triumphed over the unnumbered obstacles which were thrown in his path. The reforms which he achieved were perceptible everywhere. To Scharles Borromeo were they indebted for the establishment of Sunday schools. The charity and courage of the saint were evidenced during the plague, when, spite of the horrors of the epidemic, he fearlessly visited the hovels of the dying paupers. To succor the afflicted and alleviate the suffering of the invalid he spent his entire fortune and sold the very vessels of the Church. During the plague it was he that formed a solemn procession, which he led himself, with a rope around his neak, singing litanies and penitential psalms, and beseeching God to stay His wrath. The Lord blessed him, and he lived to see his task completed and afflicted died carly, but his

to stay His wrath. The Lord blessed him, and he lived to see his task completed and the glorious excellence of its results.

The father of the poor and afflicted died early, but his memory was cherished and his festival observed more scrupulously than that of any other saint in the city of Milan. His remains were interred in the cathedral, and pilgrims crowd around his grave to do homage to its sanctity. The speaker had visited the little city of Ancona, his birth place, and had beheld the colossal statue of St. Charles Borromee, which can be seen from Lake Maggiore, as it stood blessing the village and the fishermen below. Though contemplated at a distance of several miles, it still bore the appearance of a life size statue, and stood colossal and gigantic, though but a poor example of the colossal piety and gigantic virtues of the saint.

In conclusion the Archbishop invoked upon his hearers the blessing of God and of their patron, and withdrew. The exercises of the evening were brought to a close with a Te Deum, by Nava, executed for the first time in this country, and a grand march from a symphony by Franz Lachner. The congregation then dispersed.

Interesting Coremony. LAYING THE CORNER STONE OF A ROMAN CATHOLIC OBPHAN ASYLUM—IMMENSE GATHERING OF PRO-PLE—THE IBISH SOCIETIES OUT IN GREAT FORCE—REMARKS OF BISHOT LOUGHLIN, ETC.

A very interesting ceremony took place yesterday in Brooklyn, E. D., and one which attracted the largest assemblage of people, and brought out in fuller force the Irish societies of the City of Churchas than on any previous occasion for a length of time. The occasion and the cause were the laying of the corner stone of a Roman Catholic asylum, at which Bishop Loughlin, of Brook lyn, presided. The site of this benevolent structure is excellently chosen, on the corner of Wyckoff street and Albany avenue, and is of easy access by the Fulton and Atlantic avenue cars. The funds for the comme of the building were principally contributed by the Roman Catholic population of Brooklyn and Kings county, whose sympathics are very warmly enlisted in the work, and which there is little doubt they will bring to a atisfactory conclusion. Great preparations were made by the Irish benevolent, temperance and religious societies to give all possible éclat to the occasion, and yesterday after early mass they turned out in most imposing force. About half-past eleven the procession began to form on the streets running west from Fulton and Court streets, the heads of the soveral columns being halted at Henry street. It took a considerable time to perfect the arrangements for the march, but there were a number of capable mounted marshals seemingly well versed in marshaling large bodies of men, and under their directions the various societies were at last put in order, and when the order forward was given the whole immense procession started with great regularity and precision. Each society had its own band of musicians, and as they passed through the streets, what with the men in full regala, according to their orders, the distinctive badges of each, the banners, the flags, the music and the immense throng, they presented a beautiful and imposing appearance. There were over a dezen societies in the procession, besides juvenile societies, who were distinguished by the "wearing of the green," and who, preceded by a splendid drum corps, composed of their fellows—young lads—attracted a great deal of attention. The march to the scene of the cornomies was a pretty long one, and thousands of persons lined the streets as they passed along, great numbers accompanying them throughout the route.

There was a platform erected on the site of the proposed building, decorated with the green flag of Erin and the Stars and Stripes prominently displayed. The procession was halted and formed in a semi-circle upon the grounds in excellent order to wilness the proceedings. At this time there were not less than forty thousand persons present.

At five o'clock Bishop Loughlin ascended the platform, after early mass they turned out in most imposing force

At this time there were not less than forty thousand persons present.

At the o'clock Bishop Loughlin ascended the platform, accompanied by a large number of the ciergymen of Brooklyn, and immediately afterwards the ceremony of Brooklyn, and immediately afterwards the ceremony of laying the corner stone of the building was proceeded with. The day was raw and cold, "a nipping and an eager air" blowing ever the open grounds, and no unnecessary delay was permitted. A hollow stone, upon which the corner stone was to be lowered, was firmly and strongly imbedded in its place, and within the cavity were first deposited a strong iron box containing a scroll with the names of the present occupant of the Papal Sec (Plus IX.), of the Bishops of New York and Brooklyn, specimens of the coins and paper currency of the day in their various values, records of the city government, copies of the New York Herald and other journals, and documents of the times.

snortly compreted. The many charitable and benevolen institutions erected throughout the country was one of the most pleasing and certain evidences of the civilization of the age. The claims of the orphans were in all lands recognized and the sympathies and liberality of the people were freely extended to their succor and support but nowhere more so than in this country. The asylums for the orphan which were so numerous in Brooklyn were a true evidence of this. An immensamount of good had been accomplished in their midst by these asylums. The first asylum of the kind in Brooklyn was built in 1829, and their number since then ha increased in a corresponding ratio with the growth of the population. It was unnecessary, therefore, to remin people who had so liberally contributed of their means to crect these asylums for the bereaved little ones of their duty. He had but to express the confident hope that the work now so an spiciously commenced would be speedful completed. The reverend gentleman was attentively latened to by, those of the vast crowd who were not enough to hear him.

FLAN OF THE BUILDING.

The building will be two hundred feet in its four fronts, with a courty ard in the centre, and four stories high. It will be of the renatscance style of architecture, on the plan of a similar institution in this city. The materials will be of blue stone, with brown stone facings. The site is 700 feet long by 255 feet deep. The estimated cost is \$15,000.

On the conclusion of the ceremonies the marshals got the societies again in order, and, to the enlivening sounds of their bands, they marched to their respective rendezvous.

The affair passed off very quietly and in the best order.

The State Bounty Debt-Explanation of the Legislative Acts.

ALEANY, Nov. 5, 1865.
Information received here indicates that in some sec tions of the State there is a misapprehension of the question to be submitted to the people at the election o-morrow as to the approval or rejection of the act providing for a debt for bounty purposes.
On the 10th of February, chapter 29 of the Laws of

1865 was passed. It provided for a State bounty of \$600, \$400 and \$300. It authorized the Comptroller to borrow the necessary funds, and prohibited cities or towns from paying local bounties. Section 8, provided that a debt should be created; section 9 provided that the debt should not exceed \$30,000,000, and that a direct annual tax should be levied to pay the interest

should not exceed \$30,000,000, and that a direct annual tax should be levied to pay the interest on said debt, and also a direct annual tax sufficient to pay in the space of eighteen years the whole debt, the principal to be pad in six, twolve and eighteen years. Section ten authorized the Comptroller to issue bonds. Section eleven provided that the act should be submitted to the people at the next seneral election, and that each e-cotor may present a ballot as follows:—"For the act to create a State debt to pay bounties."

Chapter lifty-six of the laws of 1865 provides that there shall be levied and collected for the fiscal year—commencing October 1, 1886—a tax of two per centum upon the assessed value of the real and personal property of the State of New York or so much thereof as may be necessary to provide for the payment of the bountles authorized by the aforesaid chapter twenty-nine. Section five provides that if the people at the next general election approve chapter in the payment of the bountles authorized by the aforesaid chapter twenty-nine. Section five provides that if the people at the next general election approve chapter fifty-six—shall not be levied and collected; and if the debt is approved, then the Comptroller is directed for the beautiful.

Chapter 325 of the Laws of 1865 is an act amendatory of chapter 29. It provides for the creation of a State debt, not to exceed thirty millions of dollars and for the imposition and collection of a direct annual fax to pay the interest on such debt, and also a direct annual fax to pay the interest on such debt, and also a direct annual fax to pay the interest on such debt, and also a direct annual fax to pay the interest on such debt, and also a direct annual fax to pay the interest on such debt, and also a direct annual fax to pay the interest on such debt, and also a direct annual fax to pay the interest on such debt, and also a direct annual fax to pay the interest on such debt, and also a direct annual fax to pay the interest of the payment. The sect

Police Intelligence.

ESCAPE OF A CONVICT FROM TRENTON STATE PRI
SON—HIS ARREST AND SURRENDER.

On the 17th of August last John IR Maron, alias John

Welsh, who had been convicted in New Jersey for passing counterfeit money, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment in Trenton State Prison, escaped from that institution, after serving nine months of his sentence. During the night Welsh found a soft spot near the wall, under which he dug a hole sufficiently large to admit under which he dug a hole sufficiently large to admit his body. He was soon at liberty, and started for Now York, after finding a sympathicing friend who furnished him with a suit of clothes less suspicious than his prison attire. The escaped convict was subsequently rearrested in this city by officers Hamblin and Irish, of the Harbor Police, on the charge of attempting to pass a counterfeit en dollar Treasury note. For this offence Welsh was indicted, but before trial the New Jersey authorities demanding him, by virtue of a requisition, he was surrenanding him, by virtue of a requisition, he was surrenanding him, by virtue of a requisition, he was forced and on Saturday taken back to Treaton by officer Hamblin and Irish, to serve out the remainder of his sentence.

CHARGE OF PASSING COUNTERFEIT MONEY. Ellen Rosenberg, an Irish woman, was arrested by officer McGill, of the Fourth precinct, on the charge of tendering a counterfeit one dollar bill on the Highland Peack slip, in payment for a loaf of bread. The bill was refused and Ellen informed of its true character; after which, it is alleged, she tendered it to Adam Keller, also of Peck slip, for a loaf of bread. The accused stated that she obtained the bill from a Mr. Connolly, and believed it to be genuine. Justice Hogan committed her for trial.

ROBBERY IN A SALOON. On the night of the 3d inst. Edwin S. Williams, residing at the Marion House, in East Breadway, while partially intoxicated in Dick Hollywood's saloon, No. 12 tially intoxicated in Dick Hollywood's saloon, No. 12
Emst Houston street, fell asleep, and before awaking was
robbed of his gold watch and chain, valued at three lrundired dollars. Detective Vaughan subsequently found the
stolen property at a pawn shop in Bleecker street, where
it had been pledged by David Wilson. The detective
watched for Wilson and vesterday arrested him. He was
positively identified by the pawnbroker as the man who
pledged the watch and chain, and Justice Dodge committed Wilson to prison for trial.

More Counterfer Treasury Notes.—For some time past there have been certain parties in this city who were endeavoring to shove counterfeit Treasury notes upon the citizens of Louisville, and we have often warned our renders against the same. The new counterfeits are well executed, and are very likely to deceive the unsuspecting, and in fact those of the denomination of five dollars are so well executed as to deceive an excellent judge of money. Last night several bills of ten dollars and one dollar were passed in the upper portion of the city, while some of them were also passed down town. It appears as if it were a preconcerted move on the part of a certain set of sharpers to make a big run of this bogus money last night. About eleven o'clock Thomas Pullium, alias Wilson, entered the saloon of Fred. Hesse and called for drinks for himself and others who were present. He tendered in payment for the same a ten dollar United States Treasury note, which proved to be a counterfeit. Officers Charles Ovington and James Shindler were informed of the fact, and they arrested the young gentleman and put him in jall. At the time of his arrest he had in his possession over one hundred and sixty dollars in Treasury notes.—Louisville Journal, Nov. 1:

MAILS FOR EUROPE.

The Cunard mail steamship Africa, Captain Auderson, will leave Boston on Wednesday for Liverpool.

The mails for Europe will close in this city at a quarter

sublished at eleven o'clock in the morning, and will contain the latest news from all sections of the Union;

Additional Particulars of the Effects of the Late Gale; Interesting News from Central America, Mexico, the West Indies, &c., and Reports of all Important or Inter-Single copies, in wrappers, ready for mailing, six cents

A New Coinage of Scents .- The counter-

faiters are at work making bogus scents, intended to pass for the storling article current everywhere, under the title of PHALON'S NIGHT BLOOMING CEREUS. Detectives are on their track and it is believed the ladies will soon be in their hair if they continue their frauds. PHALON'S NIGHT BLOOMING CEREUS is sold everywhere,

Allcock's Porous Plaster Cures Stitches of the side and back and often relieves local acute pain, in so quick a time, that to be believed the plaster must be used. All pysicians recommend them; their composition is known; no secrees or mystery about them.

ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS sold by all druggists.

Agency, Brandreth House, New York.

English Double Soled Buttlen Galters and Double Soled Boots, at LORIN BROOKS & SON'S, 434 Broadway, corner Howard street. Established 1829. Original introducers of the Patent Elastic Steet Shank.

A Genuine Meerschaum, 30c., 40c., 50c., 70c. to 83 each, at TOWNSEND'S, 953 Broadway.

A Silent Sewing Machine-

A.—Pollak & Son, Meerschaum Manu-facturers, 622 Broadway, near Fourth street. Pipes and Ci-garhoiders at wholesale and retail, cut to order, mounted and repaired. All Legal Lottery Prizes Cashed. Drawings, circulars and information sent.

J. R. CLAYTON, 10 Walt street,

At M. T. Higgins' Mammoth Millinery, 126 Sixth avenue, near Tenth street,—1,000 Trimmed Bonnets and Jockeys, 25 per cent less than Broadway prices.

A Clear, White, Smooth Skin.—Hunt's White Virgin Wax of Antilles gives great brilliancy to the complexion; made from pure white wax; quite harmless. DEMAS BARNES & CO.

A .- The Finest Overcoats Ever Seen in

I. V. BROKAW, 62 Lafayette place, and 34 Fourth avenue, opposite Cooper Union A.—Boya' and Children's
GARIBALDI, CUTAWAY AND ZOUAYE SUITS,
by the thousands, at reasonable price.
LV. BROKAW, 62 Lafayette place,
and 34 Fourth avenue, opposite Cooper Union.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.-The Best in the world, harmless, reliable and instantaneous. The only per lect bye. Also Regenerating Extract of Milletturs. Pre-serves and restores the hair. 81 Barclay street, New York.

Bonnet Frames for 40 Cents—At M. T. HIGGINS, 126 Sixth avenue; Jockey and Turban Frames in the proportion, all shapes and sizes.

Broadway Chempness.—The Superb As-oriment of Untrimmed, Plata and Fancy Hals for ladies, nisses and children at GENN'S, 513 Broadway, offers a vide field for selection, and the prices are lower than cise Gristadoro's Hair Dye, Preservative and Wig depot, wholessle and retail. No. 6 Astor House. The dye applied by skillful artists.

Corns. Bunions, Enlarged Joints and Il diseases of the feet cured by Dr. ZACHARIE, 760 Broad-

Dressmakers—Get Velvet Ribbons at Higgins, 126 Sixh avenue.—The largest stock of Black and Colored in this city, all widths and shades, 25 per cent below their value. Grover & Baker's First Premium Elar,

Hartson's Importal Neetar Ale. Unen re-passed for flavor and brilliancy. Warranted to keep in any chimate. Brewery Forty-second street, near Third avenu a

Howe Sewing Machine Co.—Ellas Ho we, Jr., President, No. 609 Broadway. Agents wanted. Immense Prices Paid for Old Boo Jcs.

Just received, an immense collection of valuable The clogic
Works, library of a deceased clergyman; selling for ha
their value.

LEGGAT BROTHER'E.

113 Nassau street, below Be faman.

If You Want a Good Head of Hair Use WEBSTER'S VEGETABLE HAIR INVIGORATION, DE WAS BARNES & CO., New York, General Agent A. Ladies' Paper Collars and Cuffs - Whole-sale and retail. One lady's Collar sent free to the trade, with list of prices and drawings of different aty's, WARD'S, 38T B roadway

Piles, Piles, Piles, Stricklan d's is the only remedy in the known world that will ever Blind and Bleeding Piles of twenty years' standing. WELLS 4 CO., Agents, 115 Fr apklin street.

Royal Havana Lottery—Fr izes Paid in gold; information furnished. Highest rate a paid for doubleons and all kinds of gold and silver.

TATLOR & CO., Bankers, 16 Wall street, New York. Royal Havana Lottery. See Official drawing of October 27, on another page. TAYLOR & CO.

Stein way & Some'
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS,
Every Plano constructed with their: Patent Agraffe Ar
rangement, and warranted for five years.
Warercoma 71 and 73 East Fourteenth atreet, New York.
Illustrated catalogues sent by mail on application.

Sleeve Buttons, New Styles—Two, Three four, five, seven, eight, ten, fifteen, twenty, twenty, die terreity five dollars a set, for sale by OEO. C. ALLEN, No. dis Broadway, one door below Canal street.

Thirty Years' Experience of An Old Nurse.—MRs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYIAUF is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never falling safety and success by million s of mothers for their children. It relieves the child from pain, curse dyseatery distributes, griping in the bowds and wind colic. By giving health to the child it rests the moth ar.

Trusces. -- Mayoh & Co.' , the Established Radical Cure Truss Office still at No. 2 Vesey street. Lad.

The Bridal Chamber—An E-warning and Instruction for Young Men. Publish Howard Association, and sent free of charge in opes. Address Dr. J. Skillin Houghton, Howard & Philadelphia, Pa.

Wheeler & Wilson's Lock Stitch Sews

MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

DETRICK—REIGHLY.—In this city, on Thursday evening, November 2, at Trinity chapel, by Rev. Mr. Neely,
Editsuron Detrick, of California, to Elise M. Reighly, of
Mississippi.
San Francisco, Detroit and Frederick City, Md., papers
please copy.

JENKINS—LOTT.—In Bloomsbury, N. J., on Thursday,
November 2, by the Rev. J. S. Van Dyke, Harry H. JesKINS, of Brooklyn, to Sarah E., daughter of Andrew H.
Lott, of the former place.

Baldwin.—At Clifton, Staten Es, daughtor of Addrew H.

Baldwin.—At Clifton, Staten Island, on Saturday, November 4, Arel S. Baldwin, in his 53d year.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, Vanderbilt avenue, near Clifton Park, on Tuesday morning, at half-past eleven o'clock. The remains will be taken to Greenwood.

Boston and San Francisco papers please copy.

Raroix.—On Sunday, November 5, after a long and painful illness, Thomas, first son of the late William Bergin, of Nenagh, county Tipperary, Ireland, aged 29 years and 3 months.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his sister, Mrs. Maria Kvana, 244 Hudson avenue, Brooklyn, on Tuesday afternoon, at two o'clock.

Dublin papers please copy.

BRINTMALI.—At New Haves, Conn., on Sunday, November 5, Mrs. Conrass Brintmall, sged 75 years.

BRIGOW.—In Brooklyn, on Saturday, November 4, Romers Harpers, intent son of It. Horatio and Amelia W. Biglow, aged 15 months and 17 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, Dokalb avenue, between Portland avenue and Oxford Stroet, this (Monday) afternoon, at one o'clock.

BLAKE.—On Sunday morning, November 5, Mana Atvistra, only child of Bela S, and Sarah Blake, aged 5 years and 6 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral this (Monday) afternoon, at one o'clock. From the residence of hor parents, 435 West The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral this (Monday) afternoon, at one o'clock. From the residence of hor parents, 435 West The relatives and Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral this (Monday) afternoon, at one o'clock. From the residence of hor parents, 435 West Twenther attends he to the control of the Research of the control of the States of the control of the

Brenker.—On Saturday, November 4, Dr. Edward Brenker, of Hanover, Germany, aged 43 years, for a number of years visitor for the Children's Aid Society of this city.

Funeral this (Monday) afternoon, at two o'clock, from the Colgate Mission Building, East Twentieth street, between First and Second avenues.

Brikar.—On Saturday, November 4, Olcorr W. R., son of Dayton C. Belknap, aged 16 years and 4 months. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the Roformed Dutch church, Port Richmond, Staten Island, this (Monday) afternoon, at two o'clock. Steamers Pomona and Thomas Hutt leave pier No. 19 North river, between Cortlande and Dey streets, at twolve o'clock; returning, leave Port Richmond at four o'clock.

Covide.—On Saturday morning, November 4, Michard.

Covide.—On Saturday morning, November 4, Michard.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, 163 Charles street, this (Monday) morning, at half-past nine o'clock, and proceed to St. Joseph's church, where a solemn mass of requiem will be celebrated for the respose of his soul, and from thence to Calvary Cemetery for interment. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend without further natioe.

Chower,—On Saturday, November 4, Johannan Chower, native of the county of Wexford, Ireland.

The friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, corner of North Ninth and Second streets, Brocklyn, E. D., this (Monday) afternoon, at half-past two o'clock.

Cooke.—On Sunday morning, November 5, Mr. John P. Cooke,—On Sunday morning, November 5, Mr. John P. Cooke, aged 45 years.

The members of New York Lodge, and of St. Ceell Lodge, F. and A. M., with the fraternity in general; the musical and theatrical professions, and the Gronds of the family, are invited to attend the funeral services, at Trinky chapel, Twenty-fifth street, on Treesday morning, at eleven o'clock.

Doovan,—On Sunday, November 5, of scarlet fever, Carnames Doovan, the beloved chil

DYGREA.—At Greenpoint, I. I., after a short but sovere illness, Emanust. Dygress, aged 23 years and 10
months.

His romains will be taken this (Monday) to Setauket,
L. I., for interment.

DEFAME.—On Sunday morning, November 5, at her
late residence, 127 Greenwich street, Mrs. Elizareth Dz
Fame.—On Sunday morning, November 5, at her
late residence, 127 Greenwich street, Mrs. Elizareth Dz
Fame.—The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully
invited to attend the iunoral, on Tuesday morning, at
ten o'clock, from St. Peter's church, where a requiem
mass will be cetebrated for her repose.

Dennis.—Suddenly, at his late residence, 208 West
Twenty-fifth street, on Sunday, November 5, John L.
Dennis, Esq.

Notice of funeral in to morrow's paper.

Foden.—Suddenly, on Sunday, November 5, Annu
Maha, daughter of James J. and Annie Maria Foden,
usged 2 vears and 11 months.

The funeral will take place on Tuesday af ernoon, at
three o'clock, from the residence of her parents, Clarkson avenue, Fistbush. Relatives and friends are respecifully invited to attend.

Friends of the family are respectfully invited to
attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 69 Suffolk
street, this (Monday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

Grackey.—On Sunday, November 5, John Gracket,
in the 58th year of his age.

The funeral will take place on Tuesday, from the residence of his sister, Mrs. Catharine Henley, corner of
Main and George streets, Newark, N. J.

Hennissen.—The remains of William Hencenov,
First Sergeant Company E, Ninth New York State
Militia, who died at White House, Va., from wounds received at the battle of Cold Harbor, have been removed.

Henderson.—The remains of William Henderson, First Sergeant Company E, Ninth New York State Militia, who died at White House, Va., from wounds received at the bettle of Cold Harbor, have been removed to Cypress Hills Cemetery, and were intered with Christian solemnities on Thursday, November 2.

Kelly.—On Stunday, November 3, Eliza, the beloved wife of John Kelly, in the 50th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 43 Seammel street, on Tuesday afternoon, at two o'clock, without further notice.

Limerick (Ireland) papers please copy.

Kelley.—On Saturday, November 4, Catharine Retiley, age 60 years, a native of Ballyshamion, county Donegal, Ireland.

The friends of the family, also those of her brothers, anthony and Francis Kelley, are invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 54 King street, this (Monday) morning at ten o'clock.

LETCH.—On Saturday, November 4, Johns Letters, a native of Scotland, aged 61 years.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Monday) afternoon, at two o'clock, from his late residence, 252 West-Tritry, 6fth street.

MgDgyrrr.—On Saturday morning, November 4, Sanau, wife of Neil McDevitt, in the 65th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, Middletown, L. 1., this (Monday) afternoon, at three o'clock, without further notice.

Notax.—On Sanaday morning, November 5, Julia, the 'beloved wife of John Nolan, in the 424 year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, Middletown, L. 1., this (Monday) afternoon, at three o'clock, without further notice.

O'Kaxe.—On Sanaday morning, November 5, Julia, the residence of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 24 West Porty-Courth stree

in the to attend the uneval, from his late residence, at two o'clock.

Presure—In Brooklyn, E. D., on Sunday, November-5, at the residence of his sorsin-law, James Holmes, 63, South Fourth street, George D. Presure, in the 56th year of his age.

Notice of the funeral hereafter.

Rox.—On Saturday, November 4, Serry C. Rox, in the 56th year of his age.

The rotatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence at Chester, Orange county, New York, this (Monday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Carriages will be in attendance upon the arrival of the train leaving New York at ten o'clock & M.

RYAN.—On Sunday afternoon, November 5, at haif past three o'clock, of consumption, James C. RYAN, aged 30 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 450 Thard avenue, on Tuesday afternoon, at half-past one o'clock.

Syano.—In Brooklyn, on Sunday merning, November 5, Jenset Warsworms Syano, faughter of Gerard S. and Juliet W. Stage, aged 10 years, I month and 2 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, at St. Peter's (Epicopsa) church, State street, near Bond, on Tuesday afternoon, at three o'clock.

SMITH.—On Satorday, November 4, Enways the salv

strend the funeral, at St. Peter's (Episcopas) church, State street, near Bond, on Tuestay afternoon, at three o'clock.

SMYH.—On Satorday, November 4, Eoward the enly son of Andrew and Elizabeth Smyli, aged it stiffing the friends and relatives of the family of a substiffing invited to attend the funeral, from the substiffing invited to attend the funeral, from the substiffing parents, 79 Degraw exceet, South Brooks and (Ronday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

Towskeyn.—On Sunday, November 5, Admin, wife of Gabriel Van Cost, aged 33 years.

Notice of funeral in Tuesday's paper.

Van Cost.—On Sunday, November 5, Admin, wife of Gabriel Van Cost, aged 33 years.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully lavited to attend the funeral, on Tuesday afternoon, at one o'clock, from her late residence, No. 374 West Thirty-second street, without further invitation.

Van Tink.—At Bergen Point, N. J., on Saterday.

November 2, after a lingering illness, Eura Jans, with o'clock, at the residence of her heather shelm, N. B. Lane. Train of Contral Railroad of New Jersey leaves foot of laberty street at two o'clock. Carriages at itergen Town from the profile of the family are respectfully invited by attend the funeral, this (Monday) afternoon, at Utiva Colock, at the residence of her heather shelm, N. B. Lane. Train of Contral Railroad of New Jersey leaves foot of laberty street at two o'clock. Carriages at itergen Town of the family and husband are invited to attend the funeral services, this (Monday) afternoon, at three o'clock, at the residence of her faller. Is Ruthers place.